

Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently Amended) ~~A~~ In a memory device having plural DRAM sub-arrays, each with plural array rows, ~~the improvement~~ comprising:

an address decoder for decoding an address of a memory access request and indicating which of the plural DRAM sub-arrays are referenced by the memory access request; and

refresh circuitry, responsive to the indication of the address decoder, to refresh at least one array row of at least one of the plural DRAM sub-arrays not referenced by the memory access request while contemporaneously performing the memory request, wherein logically adjacent rows are placed in different sub-arrays,

wherein a first row is in a first sub-array and a second row is in a second sub-array, the second row being one logical row from the first row, and a third row is in the first sub-array and a fourth row is in the second sub-array, the fourth row being one logical row from the third row.

2. (Original) The memory device as claimed in claim 1, wherein the memory access request comprises a read access request.

3. (Original) The memory device as claimed in claim 2, further comprising a non-array row, external to the DRAM sub-arrays, for receiving from the DRAM sub-array referenced by the address of the read access request at least a portion of an array row corresponding to the address of the read access request.

4. (Currently Amended) A memory device having plural DRAM sub-arrays, each with plural array rows, comprising:

an address decoder for decoding an address of a memory access request and indicating which of the plural DRAM sub-arrays are referenced by the memory access request;
and

refresh circuitry, responsive to the indication of the address decoder, to refresh at least one array row of at least one of the plural DRAM sub-arrays not referenced by the memory access request while contemporaneously performing the memory request

a non-array row, external to the DRAM sub-arrays, for receiving from the DRAM sub-array referenced by the address of the memory access request at least a portion of an array row corresponding to the address of the memory access request,~~The memory device as claimed in claim 3,~~ wherein the non-array row comprises at most one an SRAM row.

5. (Original) The memory device as claimed in claim 3, further comprising:
a tag register for storing at least a portion of the address of a read access request that last stored information into the non-array row; and

a comparator for signaling that the read access request may be serviced from the non-array row rather than the array row corresponding to the address of the read access request.

6. (Original) The memory device as claimed in claim 1, wherein the memory access request comprises a write access request.

7. (Original) The memory device as claimed in claim 6, further comprising a non-array row, external to the DRAM sub-arrays, for storing, prior to writing to the DRAM sub-array referenced by the address of the write access request, at least a portion of an array row corresponding to the address of the write request.

8. (Currently Amended) A memory device having plural DRAM sub-arrays, each with plural array rows, comprising:

an address decoder for decoding an address of a memory access request and indicating which of the plural DRAM sub-arrays are referenced by the memory access request; and

refresh circuitry, responsive to the indication of the address decoder, to refresh at least one array row of at least one of the plural DRAM sub-arrays not referenced by the memory access request while contemporaneously performing the memory request.~~The memory device as claimed in claim 1, wherein the refresh circuitry further comprises a refresh timer for setting a minimum time between refresh cycles limiting a frequency of refreshes performed.~~

9. (Original) The memory device as claimed in claim 8, wherein the refresh circuitry further comprises a missed refresh counter for tracking a number of refreshes missed by at least one of the plural DRAM sub-arrays.

10. (Original) The memory device as claimed in claim 1, wherein the refresh circuitry comprises a refresh counter for storing a next array row to be refreshed in at least one of the plural DRAM sub-arrays.

11. (Currently Amended) A method of refreshing a memory device having a plural DRAM sub-arrays, each with plural array rows, the method comprising:

(a) placing logically adjacent rows in different sub-arrays, wherein a first row is in a first sub-array and a second row is in a second sub-array, the second row being one logical row from the first row, and a third row is in the first sub-array and a fourth row is in the second sub-array, the fourth row being one logical row from the third row;

(b) decoding an address of a memory request;

(c) indicating which of the plural DRAM sub-arrays are referenced by the memory access request;

(d) refreshing, in response to the indicating step, at least one array row of at least one of the plural DRAM sub-arrays not referenced by the memory access request; and

(e) executing the memory address request,

wherein steps (d) and (e) are performed contemporaneously.

12. (Original) The method as claimed in claim 11, wherein the memory access request comprises a read access request.

13. (Original) The method as claimed in claim 11, further comprising:

receiving, into a non array row external to the plural DRAM sub-arrays and from the DRAM sub-array referenced by the address of the read access request, at least a portion of an array row corresponding to the address of the read request.

14. (Currently Amended) A method of refreshing a memory device having a plural DRAM sub-arrays, each with plural array rows, the method comprising:

(a) decoding an address of a memory request;

(b) indicating which of the plural DRAM sub-arrays are referenced by the memory access request;

(c) refreshing, in response to the indicating step, at least one array row of at least one of the plural DRAM sub-arrays not referenced by the memory access request;

(d) executing the memory address request;

(e) receiving, into a non array row external to the plural DRAM sub-arrays and from the DRAM sub-array referenced by the address of the memory access request, at least a portion of an array row corresponding to the address of the memory access request. ~~The method as claimed in claim 13,~~ wherein the step of receiving comprises receiving the portion into at most one an SRAM row,

wherein steps (c) and (d) are performed contemporaneously.

15. (Original) The method as claimed in claim 14, further comprising:

storing in a tag register at least a portion of the address of a read access request that last stored information into the non-array row; and

comparing whether the read access request may be serviced from the non-array row rather than the array row corresponding to the address of the read access request.

16. (Original) The method as claimed in claim 11, wherein the memory access request comprises a write access request.

17. (Original) The method as claimed in claim 16, further comprising storing into a non-array row, external to the DRAM sub-arrays, prior to writing to the DRAM sub-array referenced by the address of the write access request, at least a portion of an array row corresponding to the address of the write request.

18. (Currently Amended) A method of refreshing a memory device having a plural DRAM sub-arrays, each with plural array rows, the method comprising:

(a) decoding an address of a memory request;

(b) indicating which of the plural DRAM sub-arrays are referenced by the memory access request;

(c) refreshing, in response to the indicating step, at least one array row of at least one of the plural DRAM sub-arrays not referenced by the memory access request;

(d) executing the memory address request; and

(e) ~~The method as claimed in claim 11, further comprising limiting a frequency of refreshes performed~~ setting a minimum time between refresh cycles based on a refresh timer, wherein steps (c) and (d) are performed contemporaneously.

19. (Original) The method as claimed in claim 18, further comprising tracking a number of refreshes missed by at least one of the plural DRAM sub-arrays.

20. (Original) The method as claimed in claim 11, further comprising updating a refresh counter to store a next array row to be refreshed in at least one of the plural DRAM sub-arrays.

21. (Currently Amended) ~~A~~ In a memory device having a non-array row external to plural DRAM sub-arrays, for receiving from the DRAM sub-array referenced by an address of an access request, ~~the improvement~~ comprising:

a comparator for internally determining when a refresh cycle can be hidden behind an access to the non-array row; and

a controller for setting a minimum time between refresh cycles ~~limiting refresh cycles~~ to a subset of possible times internally determined by the comparator;

~~wherein at least one array row of at least one of the plural DRAM sub-arrays not referenced by the access request is refreshed while contemporaneously performing the access request and logically adjacent rows are placed in different sub-arrays.~~

22. (Original) The memory device as claimed in claim 21, wherein the non-array row comprises an SRAM row.

23. (Original) The memory device as claimed in claim 21, wherein the controller comprises a missed refresh counter for tracking a number of refreshes missed by at least one of the plural DRAM sub-arrays.

24. (Original) The memory device as claimed in claim 21, wherein the controller further comprises a refresh counter for storing a next array row to be refreshed in at least one of the plural DRAM sub-arrays.

25. (New) The memory device as claimed in claim 1, wherein every other logically adjacent row resides on a separate sub-array.

26. (New) The memory device as claimed in claim 1, wherein even numbered rows and odd numbered rows reside on separate sub-arrays.

27. (New) A memory device having plural DRAM sub-arrays, each with plural array rows, comprising:

an address decoder for decoding an address of a memory access request and indicating which of the plural DRAM sub-arrays are referenced by the memory access request; and

refresh circuitry, responsive to the indication of the address decoder, to refresh at least one array row of at least one of the plural DRAM sub-arrays not referenced by the memory access request while contemporaneously performing the memory request, wherein logically adjacent rows are placed in different sub-arrays,

wherein each row of a first sub-array is L rows higher in logical memory than each corresponding row of a second sub-array, wherein L is an integer less than the maximum number of rows in a sub-array.

28. (New) A memory device having plural DRAM sub-arrays, each with plural array rows, comprising:

an address decoder for decoding an address of a memory access request and indicating which of the plural DRAM sub-arrays are referenced by the memory access request; and

refresh circuitry, responsive to the indication of the address decoder, to refresh at least one array row of at least one of the plural DRAM sub-arrays not referenced by the memory access request while contemporaneously performing the memory request, wherein logically adjacent rows are placed in different sub-arrays, and the logically adjacent rows in different sub-arrays comprise rows other than the last and first rows of consecutive sub-arrays.

29. (New) A memory device having plural DRAM sub-arrays, each with plural array rows, comprising:

an address decoder for decoding an address of a memory access request and indicating which of the plural DRAM sub-arrays are referenced by the memory access request; and

refresh circuitry, responsive to the indication of the address decoder, to refresh at least one array row of at least one of the plural DRAM sub-arrays not referenced by the memory access request while contemporaneously performing the memory request, wherein logically adjacent rows are placed in different sub-arrays;

wherein a first row is in physical memory row N of a first sub-array and a second row is in physical memory row M of a second sub-array, wherein the second row is absolutely higher in logical memory than the first row and the second row is $X+(M-N)$ logical rows from the first row, wherein N and M are integers from 1 to K and X is an integer greater than -K and less than K, wherein K is the maximum number of rows in a sub-array.

30. (New) A method of refreshing a memory device having a plural DRAM sub-arrays, each with plural array rows, the method comprising:

(a) placing logically adjacent rows in different sub-arrays, and the logically adjacent rows in different sub-arrays comprise rows other than the last and first rows of consecutive sub-arrays;

(b) decoding an address of a memory request;

(c) indicating which of the plural DRAM sub-arrays are referenced by the memory access request;

(d) refreshing, in response to the indicating step, at least one array row of at least one of the plural DRAM sub-arrays not referenced by the memory access request; and

(e) executing the memory address request,

wherein steps (d) and (e) are performed contemporaneously.

31. (New) A method of refreshing a memory device having a plural DRAM sub-arrays, each with plural array rows, the method comprising:

(a) placing logically adjacent rows in different sub-arrays, wherein a first row is in physical memory row N of a first sub-array and a second row is in physical memory row M of a second sub-array, wherein the second row is absolutely higher in logical memory than the first row and the second row is $X+(M-N)$ logical rows from the first row, wherein N and M are integers from 1 to K and X is an integer greater than -K and less than K, wherein K is the maximum number of rows in a sub-array;

(b) decoding an address of a memory request;

(c) indicating which of the plural DRAM sub-arrays are referenced by the memory access request;

(d) refreshing, in response to the indicating step, at least one array row of at least one of the plural DRAM sub-arrays not referenced by the memory access request; and

(e) executing the memory address request,

wherein steps (d) and (e) are performed contemporaneously.